

MEHARRY RE-  
UNION A SUCCESSBOYS COME FROM EVERY QUARTER  
AND RALLY AROUND THE FLAG.

Enthusiastic Meeting Monday Night—Meharry Auditorium Packed With Visitors and Citizens—Welcome by Dr. C. V. Roman—Dean Hubbard on Meharry.

The first reunion of the Meharry Medical College was held in Meharry Auditorium Monday night at half-past seven o'clock. The meeting was opened by singing, "Crown Him Lord of All," led by Dr. J. T. Phillips, of Nashville, who is the author of the Meharry Song "Crimson and Black." Dr. John A. Kumer led in prayer. After which the congregation joined in singing, "There is Plenty Good Room," led by Dr. J. T. Phillips.

The address of welcome was delivered by Dr. C. V. Roman. He said in part:

Gentlemen it is a pleasant sight to look at such an audience. He said that the first evidence of civilization in man was his willingness to eat together without quarrelling. I do not know of the truthfulness of that, but I do know that one of the great elements of civilization is their desire to return to a land mark. Of the small band of Christian workers who started out on the great mission thirty years ago one remains to be here tonight in the person of the honored dean of Meharry, Dr. Geo. W. Hubbard. (great applause) In his usual humor of wit and wisdom he welcomed the Meharryites to the Reunion and to their old haunts of the good old town.

Dr. Hubbard said in the way of introduction that he was glad to see so many Meharry graduates present, and he thought it would be well to read a short sketch of the history of Meharry. The sketch in full is as follows:

## History of Meharry Medical College.

To the five Meharry Brothers Hugh, Alexander, Samuel, David and Jesse who so generously aided in establishing and supporting this institution it bears their name. The colored people of the South, and especially the Alumni of Meharry owe a debt of gratitude which can never be repaid.

They have all passed from their labor to their reward, but their works do follow them.

During the winter of 1875-76 while I was attending lectures at the medical department of Nashville University and the medical department of Vanderbilt University, Rev. John C. Braden then president of Central Tennessee College invited me to undertake the task of organizing a medical department for that college. This was the first attempt made to establish a medical school for the education of Colored physicians in the Southern States, only a few years before Howard University opened its doors to all persons who were properly prepared for the study of medicine without regard to sex or color.

To Rev. Samuel Meharry of Lafayette, Indiana belongs the credit of giving the first \$500 toward the support of this work. This money was expended in purchasing the necessary chemical apparatus, charts, models etc., for the beginning of the work.

The work was begun on the first week of October, 1876. The faculty consisted of Dr. J. Sneed and myself. One room in the northeast corner of Tennessee Hall which was destroyed by fire in December 1903, was allotted to us for our work, and a small room in the basement of the building was prepared for practical demonstrations in Anatomy. The requirements for admission were a fair knowledge of the English language. Nine students were enrolled during the first session, and J. M. Jamison who is still living and practicing in Topeka, Kan., and who had previously studied medicine was the first and only graduate of 1877.

There were 18 students enrolled the following year, and the graduating exercises were held at Thompson Chapel on the 22nd of February 1877, and the address to the graduating class was delivered by Bishop Gilbert Haven, and Jno. S. Bass now practicing medicine at Iola Kansas; Jno. C. Halfacre and Lorenzo D. Key received their diplomas, the two latter after successfully practicing their profession for several years passed away.

## Buildings.

Meharry Medical College was erected in 1879-80, and was dedicated by Bishop Wiley and Haven, October 13th, 1910. The Dental and Pharmaceutical building was dedicated November 20th, 1889 by Ex. President Hayes and Bishop Atticus G. Haywood, the annex was erected in 1902 and dedicated by Bishop Vincent. Meharry Auditorium was erected in 1904 and was dedicated January 1905. The grounds was broken for Hubbard Hospital April 13th, 1910, corner

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ONLY SURVIVOR  
OF A. WILLIAMSC. A. DICKSON OF NEW YORK NOW  
RESIDING IN BUFFALO.

Anthony Williams was Great Hero of Battle of Lake Erie, Was Honored by the Government Full Account of the Incident Only Paper to give this Story of Mr. Dickson.

By Henry A. Boyd.

The writer being personally acquainted with Mr. Dickson and knowing the persistency with which he has followed inch by inch, step by step every clue, and every little fact, that will lead to the discovery of all of the hidden records of Anthony Williams is not amazed at the result. He began his investigation in May, 1912 and has written innumerable letters to historical societies and organizations has visited either in person or by proxy many cities, in fact, he has ransacked, or caused to be done so by friends, the entire country from Maine to California in search of certain or any information that had a bearing on the subject of Anthony Williams and his part in the Battle of Erie.



MR. C. A. DICKSON.

After many months of weary labor, many rebuffs and sore disappointments, just as he was about to give to up in despair, he struck a clue which was given him by one Mr. J. S. Hicks, of Erie, Pa., which led to his securing the account which has Nashville Globe, and is the only known paper in existence containing the true account of his uncle's valor and service in the now memorable Battle of Lake Erie. Mr. Dickson is the only surviving relative, at his death the family becomes extinct, future generations and in fact all mankind should long revere the name of C. A. Dickson, of Buffalo, N. Y.

The citizens of Buffalo, through the Perry Centennial Committee, are preparing to do him great honor in the anniversary to be held September 27th. It is the intention of Mr. Dickson to place in every Negro school, college and university in the United States a copy of the Nashville Globe containing the account of this hero of Lake Erie. Among the letters and personal correspondence received by Mr. Dickson is one from Mr. A. D. Colgrove, who is now editor and proprietor of the Journal at Corry, Pa., who himself did not have an exact copy of his paper, but in whose paper the glowing description appeared. Another interesting letter, very lengthy and giving much data, came from Annette P. Ward, librarian of the Western Reserve Historical Society. Among the paragraphs of interest in her letter is the following:

"In a publication on the inauguration of the Perry Statue in Cleveland in 1860 on page 90, is a list of killed and wounded and among the names of those on the 'Lawrence' are those of Abner Williams, a private aged 22 wounded; George Williams and Jesse Williams, marine, age not given." It can be seen, therefore, that the records show very clearly that Anthony Williams enlisted was not killed.

The most interesting part, however, of her letter to Mr. Dickson is the following: "I have stopped to consult another volume and have there found the name of Anthony Williams. In the United States 15 Cong. 2nd session (U. S. Document) Doc. 42—Letter from the secretary of Navy . . . appropriations and rewards the officers and crews of certain vessels for captures made during the late war with Great Britain December 17, 1818, read and ordered to lie upon the table, Washington, printed by E. DeKreft, 1819, on page 80 of this document, at the bottom of the page is the name of 'Anthony Williams' as one who received prize money to the amount of \$214.85, December 20, 1814, (paid to

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MAYOR HOWSE'S  
STATEMENTREPUTES THE CHARGES OF JUDGE  
WEEKS.

Proves That Administration Has Not Been Extravagant Bonded-Indebtedness Has Decreased Throws off The Other Fellows Acts—Money on Hand To Retire Bond.

Mayor Hilary E. Howse gives to the public a statement as to the finances, receipts and disbursements of the city during his administration, in reply to charges made by Judge Weeks since he began his campaign on the stump.

To the People of Nashville: In his speech made at the Lyric Theatre last Wednesday night, as published in the newspapers of the city, Judge Weeks, who is a candidate against me for the office of Mayor of Nashville, undertakes to criticize the administration of the city finances during the time that I have been Mayor. The effort was made, either purposely or ignorantly, to juggle with figures and words, in an attempt to show that there had been a large increase of the bonded indebtedness of Nashville during my administration. That my administration had been extravagant, and not along the lines of proper economy. These charges against my administration are untrue and unfounded in point of law and in point of fact.

As a matter of fact, the bonded indebtedness of Nashville when I went into office, including the High School and trunk sewer bonds which the people had voted before my first administration began, was \$6,164,000. Nashville's total bonded indebtedness today is \$6,013,204.

During my administration, and since October, 1909, \$450,000 of the city's bonded debt has been paid off and retired as follows:

\$50,000 6 per cent. waterworks matured and paid November, 1909.  
\$50,000 6 per cent. waterworks matured and paid May, 1910.  
\$50,000 6 per cent. waterworks matured and paid May, 1911.  
\$100,000 5 per cent. sewer bonds matured and paid December, 1911.  
\$50,000 6 per cent. waterworks matured and paid May, 1912.  
\$50,000 6 per cent. waterworks matured and paid May, 1913.  
\$100,000 4 1/2 per cent. Centennial bonds matured May, 1916, paid July, 1910.

Total bonds retired since October, 1909, \$450,000. Of the foregoing \$100,000 of 4 1/2 per cent. Centennial bonds paid and retired July, 1910, would not have matured until May, 1916, and by paying them six years before they were due, the city saved about \$27,000 of interest.

No more of the city's bonds mature or fall due until May, 1914, and there is a balance in the sinking fund, as of December 31, 1912, of \$212,533.03, much more than sufficient, even now, to pay the bonds maturing in May, 1914.

It is proper to say that during my administration the people of Nashville have only voted one bond issue, of \$150,000, for opening and widening streets, bridges and viaducts, and these bonds have not been sold and are not now outstanding. The only other bonds chargeable against my administration are \$200,000 emergency.

## Permanent Improvements.

During my administration as Mayor, and without any increase of the city's tax rate, and not including improvements made as the result of the proceeds of the sale of municipal bonds, many fixed and permanent improvements have been made out of the city's general revenue. This group of assets and fixed improvements is the property of the city today, and I am proud of and stand behind this record. A partial list of these permanent improvements is as follows:

Capitol Boulevard . . . . . \$203 000  
Tuberculosis Hospital site . . . 18 500  
Children's Addition and other improvements to  
City Hospital . . . . . 50 000  
Hadley Park . . . . . 20 000  
Completing new High School 49 000  
Equipment new High School \$1 000  
Appropriation to Park Commission for purchasing and improving play grounds and parks during the year 1912 20 000  
Appropriation for purchase of land for improving parks for the year 1913 . . . . . 42 000  
Appropriation to purchase park in South Nashville . . . 25 000  
Appropriation for purchase of detention home for children coming under the authority of the Juvenile Court . . . . . 13 500

In addition to the above, during the years 1910 to 1913, inclusive, there has been constructed, under my administration, 42 1-2 miles of 6, 8, 10, 12 and 18-inch sewers in Nashville.

## Nashville's Low Tax Rate.

Unless our people have investigated the facts they may not know how

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NEXT MEETING  
IN MUSKOGEENATIONAL BUSINESS LEAGUE HOLDS  
GOOD SESSION.

John Wanamaker Receives Cheers—Dr. Washington Grows in Popularity—Men of Business From Every Section—Representing Large Business Interests—Brilliant Affair.

Philadelphia, Pa., August 23.—Surrounded by the atmosphere that generated the spirit of freedom, fraternity and enlightenment, exemplified in its highest sense by William Penn, Benjamin Franklin, Thaddeus Stevens and John Wanamaker, and with the shadow of Independence Hall, where Liberty Bell proclaimed the birth of the American Republic, the fourteenth annual session of the National Negro Business League was held this week. It was exceptionally fitting that the best managed, most largely attended and most profitable gathering of the commercial forces of the Negro race should be held on the fiftieth anniversary of our people's emancipation on the spot where the anti-slavery movement had its inception, and where the Declaration of Independence was framed and finds its most effective interpretation.

At the opening session Wednesday morning at Musical Fund Hall, a large audience assembled at an early hour. Dr. Algernon B. Jackson, president of the local branch of the National Negro Business League, called the meeting to order, and delivered a felicitous address of welcome, to which Dr. Julia P. H. Coleman, president of the National Hair Vim Chemical Company, of Washington took the chair amid a storm of applause—and the greatest meeting of the League's life was on.

The address of welcome at the Academy of Music was delivered by the Hon. Mr. Porter, Director of Public Safety of Philadelphia, representing Mayor Rudolph Blankenburg, who was unavoidably absent.

Without doubt the most thrilling and dramatic episode of the week's series was the visit to the great store of the Hon John Wanamaker on Thursday afternoon, and the touching exercises that took place in the Egyptian Room.

The next session of the League will be held in August, 1914, at Muskogee, Oklahoma, with a side trip to the wonderful Negro town of Boley, in the same State.

## Officers of the League.

A number of changes were made in the personnel of the officers. Dr. Booker T. Washington was re-elected president, and has held that position continuously since the formation of the League at Boston in 1910. The remaining officers are: First vice president, Charles Banks, Mississippi; second vice president, J. E. Bush, Arkansas; third vice president, John M. Wright, Kansas; fourth vice president, E. C. Tiddington, Indiana; fifth vice president, Charles H. Brooks, Pennsylvania; corresponding secretary, Emmett J. Scott, Alabama; treasurer, Charles H. Anderson, Florida; registrar, F. H. Gilbert, New York; assistant registrar, R. C. Houston, Texas; transportation agent, A. C. Perdue, Arkansas; compiler, S. Laing Williams, Illinois; official stenographer, Dr. W. H. Davis, District of Columbia. Members of the executive committee: J. C. Napier, Tennessee, chairman; J. B. Bell, Texas; E. E. Jones, Louisiana; S. G. Elbert, Delaware; J. T. Elliott, Oklahoma; H. T. Pratt, Maryland; T. H. Hayes, Tennessee; Scipio A. Jones, Arkansas; W. T. Andrews, South Carolina; J. C. Jackson, Kentucky; Algernon B. Jackson, Pennsylvania; S. E. Courtney, Massachusetts; George C. Hall, Illinois, and W. T. Gordon, Missouri.

MR. ROBERTSON MAYFIELD  
SHOOT'S WIFE THEN TURNS  
WEAPON ON HIMSELF.

Special to the Globe.

Dyersburg, Tenn., Aug. 19th.—Our city was shocked last Wednesday evening over the shooting affray that occurred at the residence of Mr. Robertson Mayfield. After refusing to return to her husband from whom she has been separated he shot her five times; twice in her left arm and three times in the breast and turned the weapon on himself, discharging last shot in left side above his heart. Both parties are doing nicely.

## RICHLAND CREEK ASSOCIATION

Special to the Globe.

Athens, Ala., August 18.—The forty-sixth annual session of the Richland Creek Missionary Baptist Association was held with the St. Luke Baptist Church, August 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17.

Dr. John S. Gilmore of Columbia is moderator. The attendance was large and the meeting as a whole was helpful. Dr. L. H. Gilmore, secretary was always on hand to do anything to make the meeting a success.

DR. BROWN  
ELECTED PRES.FIFTEENTH SESSION OF NATIONAL  
MEDICAL ASSOCIATION CLOSES

Opened Tuesday Morning Nearly Three Hundred Delegates Attended—Expert Surgeons Perform Operations—Smoker at Greenwood Park—Banquet Meharry.

The fifteenth annual session of the National Medical Association was called to order Tuesday morning in the Meharry Auditorium at 10 o'clock by Dr. C. V. Roman, chairman of the Local Committee, who, after the usual preliminaries, registration of members and the reading of the minutes of the closing session of the fourteenth annual meeting, introduced Dr. J. A. Kenney, President of the Association, to deliver his annual address.

The address of President Kenney was an able document and gave a general review of the work of the Negro physicians in this country. It showed that the president had given a deal of study to the subject. The key-note of the address was the stress put on the preparation the doctor should have. President Kenney is strongly opposed to anyone taking up the study of medicine who has not had thorough literary training; he is a strong advocate of the learned doctor. The address was well received by the members of the Association. At the close of the address, and the completion of unfinished business the appointment of committees, report of the Executive Board and other matters, the session adjourned for dinner.

Previous to the meeting of the Association, the first clinic was held in the Hubbard Hospital. Dr. Stewart announced Monday night that this early start would be made, as there was so much work to be done. The prominent surgeons at this meeting are Dr. C. A. Terrell, of Memphis, who operates the Negro Baptist Hospital, of which he is surgeon-in-chief. Dr. Terrell ranks among the leading surgeons of the country. Drs. Stewart, McMillan and Hale, of Nashville; Dr. Bert, of Clarksville; Dr. Brown, of Birmingham; Dr. Penn, of Atlanta; Dr. Wilson, who was at one time proprietor and surgeon-in-chief at Wilson's Infirmary of this city, but who is now surgeon-in-chief of Collins Hospital in Memphis; Dr. Perry, of Kansas City, Mo., these and many other prominent physicians constituted the staff of operative surgeons.

Dr. Dan Williams, of Chicago, who is recognized among the foremost surgeons, is performing some of the most difficult operations.

Dr. Burt, of Clarksville, was called to Columbia Tuesday night in consultation with Dr. Scott on the case of Mr. Moten, the undertaker at that place. He returned in time, however, to assist Dr. Dan Williams in the operation Wednesday morning. A large number of cases were treated at this meeting, among them being some of the most difficult operative cases. Several of the doctors who are attending this meeting have well-equipped infirmaries and hospitals, and the practical benefit they derive therefrom is clearly evidenced by the successful operations they have performed.

Tuesday night at Spruce Street Baptist Church the public welcome was held. Mayor H. E. Howse was a visitor and made a short address. He assured the delegates that every citizen of this city would do everything in their power to make their stay here both pleasant and profitable. His Honor asked to be excused to make another engagement. The welcome addresses by the other speakers were all timely. The responses by Drs. E. T. Belsaw, of Mobile, Ala., and Dr. W. F. Penn, of Atlanta, were well delivered and well in thought. Dr. Penn, however, took advantage of the occasion to say some practical things to the people as a whole; he put special stress upon high attainments and said that if the Negroes of this country would give to the Negro doctors their just due that in a short while the Negro physicians in this country will be able to compete in every way with the physicians of other races. He urged the members of the session to make special efforts to attain the great things in order that the young men who will enter the profession in years to come may have an inspiration to strive to even greater attainments. Dr. Penn urged the people to be ambitious, strive to reach the highest claim in civilization, for, said he, a race that becomes satisfied ceases to make progress, but a race that is always looking for some new achievements to attain would always find new fields of operation. As an illustration he cited the new Odd Fellow Building that had recently been erected in Atlanta at a cost of over a hundred thousand dollars, and called attention to a proposed fifty thousand dollar auditorium that would be erected in the near future in the same city. Dr. Penn spoke with much force and earnestness, and though the hour was late when he began speaking, the people never weary of his sound common sense.

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TURNED INTO  
COOPER CLUB.ABOVE WAS FATE OF THIRD WARD  
CIVIC CLUB AT LAST MEETING.

President Grant Uses Whip—Few in Attendance—Visitors From Other Wards—New Set of Principles Announced by President Tells Men They Must Vote As He Dictates.

Last Friday night at the meeting of the Third Ward Civic Club about fifteen men of the ward were present. There were equally as many from other wards. President J. W. Grant presided. He read a paper in which he said he wished to express his views on some matters. He had not gone very far in the reading until it was plain to all just what was in his mind.

Instead of being purely a non-partisan speech, President Grant read a paper declaring for Cooper for Mayor and made it understood that he expected the Club to back him in it. He then introduced Mr. Wm. Crawford who has been campaigning the city for Cooper for several months. Mr. Crawford made one of his fiery talk in which he damned everybody who did not agree with his way of thinking. As he concluded his remarks others made short talks. President Grant read what he said was a report of the Executive Committee; he then stated that the committee had placed the platform of the Club before Mr. Cooper and that Mr. Cooper had accepted them that was nothing for the Club to do but to endorse Mr. Cooper. The reading of the report, however, failed to show where the committee met and how many were present and it was learned after the meeting that only three of the seven were present. It has not yet been learned whether or not any members were present save the president, as no names were read with the reports.

President Grant went right on with his program, however, and had Mr. Cooper endorsed by a yeas and nay vote. It could not be distinguished who was voting whether they were all Third Ward men or visitors.

Upon a question from some one in the audience whether the Executive Committee had waited upon all the candidates or not; that individual was given to understand that the club had nothing to do with the actions of the Executive Committee. Every one was surprised to hear such a remark from the chairman, feeling as they did that the Club was greater than the committee. They did not know that they had given the Executive Committee power to trade the club around at will. This manifested general dissatisfaction. Several expressed themselves as disapproving of the methods being pursued and it was evident that the few who were present would most likely refuse to agree to such high handed tactics. Some withdrew from the Club that night because

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## PROF. HILL PASSES AWAY.

Special to the Globe.  
Pulaski, Tenn., Aug. 27.—Prof. A. Thos. Hill, secretary of the Endowment Board Knights of Pythias, died here this evening at 6 o'clock; aside from being Secretary of the Pythian Endowment Board, Prof. Hill was also principal of the High School. He came to Pulaski several years ago from Nashville, where he was born, reared and educated. He has



PROF. A. THOMAS HILL.

held the position in the school here for several years and was highly respected and honored by all the people. He was a proficient, painstaking teacher, as is best proven by the splendid record made by the students of his school. Prof. Hill was prominent throughout the State as a leader in secret societies. The funeral will be held Friday at 11 a.m.